The Solow Model

"All theory depends on assumptions that are not quite true. That is what makes it theory." Robert Solow

Fall 2010

- The Basic Model
- Conversion to per worker terms
- The Steady State
- Dynamics
- Technological Progress

Main Predictions of the Basic Solow Model

- Long-run growth path is independent of initial conditions
- \hookrightarrow given similar values of *s*, *n*, δ and *g*, poor economies should catch up
 - Income per worker increases with s and decreases with n and δ
 - Rich countries have *lower* rates of return on investment than poor
 - Long run growth depends *only* on the rate of technical progress

Evaluation of the Basic Solow Model

Unconditional Convergence

Onditional Analysis

Oross-country rates of return

1. Unconditional convergence



Figure: Growth vs. initial GDP per capita: rich countries



Figure: Growth vs. initial GDP per capita: all countries

2. Conditional Convergence

- Requires a more sophisticated statistical analysis
- → Mankiw, Romer and Weil (1992), Bernanke and Gurkaynak (2002)
 - There is evidence of **conditional** convergence despite no unconditional convergence
- \hookrightarrow how can this be?
 - Basic Solow model over-predicts speed of convergence

3. Cross-country rates of return

- Real rates of return on investment are often higher in rich countries.
 → inconsistent with diminishing returns to capital
 - What could explain this ?

The Augmented Solow model

- A rich country with high k can have a high rate of return if it also has high h.
- $\bullet\,$ Explains data better when conditioning on differences in s, n and h
- \hookrightarrow Mankiw, Romer and Weil (1992), Bernanke and Gurkaynak (2002)
 - Stronger evidence of conditional convergence

Limitations of the Solow model

- Does not "explain" why s, n, g and h vary across countries
 really just puts the question to a deeper level
 - Does not explain long run differences in growth rates
- While some countries have "caught up", why haven't others?
 → geography, history and institutions ?