

ECON 452* -- Important Matrix Formulas from Notes 9 and 10

Important Matrix Formulas for Classical Linear Regression Model

- **The population regression equation (PRE):**

$$y = X\beta + u \quad \text{by assumption A1}$$

$$E(u | X) = \underline{0} \quad \text{by assumption A2: zero conditional mean errors}$$

$$V(u | X) = \sigma^2 I_N \quad \text{by assumption A3: spherical errors}$$

- **OLS estimator of coefficient vector β :**

$$\hat{\beta}_{OLS} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

- **OLS estimation criterion:**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } \text{RSS}(\hat{\beta}) &= \hat{u}^T \hat{u} = (y - X\hat{\beta})^T (y - X\hat{\beta}) \\ \{ \hat{\beta} \} &= y^T y - 2\hat{\beta}^T X^T y + \hat{\beta}^T X^T X \hat{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

- **OLS normal equations:**

$$X^T X \hat{\beta}_{OLS} = X^T y$$

- **OLS sample regression equation (SRE):**

$$y = X\hat{\beta} + \hat{u} = \hat{y} + \hat{u}$$

where

$$\hat{y} = X\hat{\beta}$$

$$\hat{u} = y - \hat{y} = y - X\hat{\beta}$$

- **Sampling distribution of $\hat{\beta}_{OLS}$:**

Mean of $\hat{\beta}_{OLS}$: depends on assumptions A1 and A2

$$E(\hat{\beta}_{OLS} | \mathbf{X}) = E(\hat{\beta}_{OLS}) = \beta \Rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{OLS} \text{ is an } \textit{unbiased} \text{ estimator of } \beta$$

Variance-Covariance Matrix of $\hat{\beta}_{OLS}$: depends on assumptions A1, A2, A3

$$V(\hat{\beta}_{OLS} | \mathbf{X}) = V(\hat{\beta}_{OLS}) = \sigma^2 (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X})^{-1}$$

- **Unbiased estimator of σ^2 :**

$$\hat{\sigma}_{OLS}^2 = \frac{RSS(\hat{\beta}_{OLS})}{N - K} = \frac{\hat{\mathbf{u}}^T \hat{\mathbf{u}}}{N - K}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} RSS(\hat{\beta}_{OLS}) &= \hat{\mathbf{u}}^T \hat{\mathbf{u}} = (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}_{OLS})^T (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}_{OLS}) \\ &= \text{the residual sum of squares for the coefficient estimator } \hat{\beta}_{OLS} \end{aligned}$$

- **Unbiased estimator of $V(\hat{\beta}_{OLS} | \mathbf{X})$:**

$$\hat{V}(\hat{\beta}_{OLS} | \mathbf{X}) = \hat{V}(\hat{\beta}_{OLS}) = \hat{V}_{OLS} = \hat{\sigma}_{OLS}^2 (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X})^{-1}$$

- **Test of q linear equality restrictions on the coefficient vector β :**

$$H_0: \mathbf{R}\beta = \mathbf{r} \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{R}\beta - \mathbf{r} = \underline{\mathbf{0}}$$

$$H_1: \mathbf{R}\beta \neq \mathbf{r} \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{R}\beta - \mathbf{r} \neq \underline{\mathbf{0}}$$

- **OLS Wald F-statistic:**

$$F_W = \frac{1}{q} \mathbf{W}_{OLS} = \frac{(\mathbf{R}\hat{\beta} - \mathbf{r})^T (\mathbf{R}\hat{V}_{OLS} \mathbf{R}^T)^{-1} (\mathbf{R}\hat{\beta} - \mathbf{r})}{q} \sim F[q, N - K] \text{ under } H_0$$